

# Modélisation de la pollution par le trafic à Bruxelles

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# Introduction



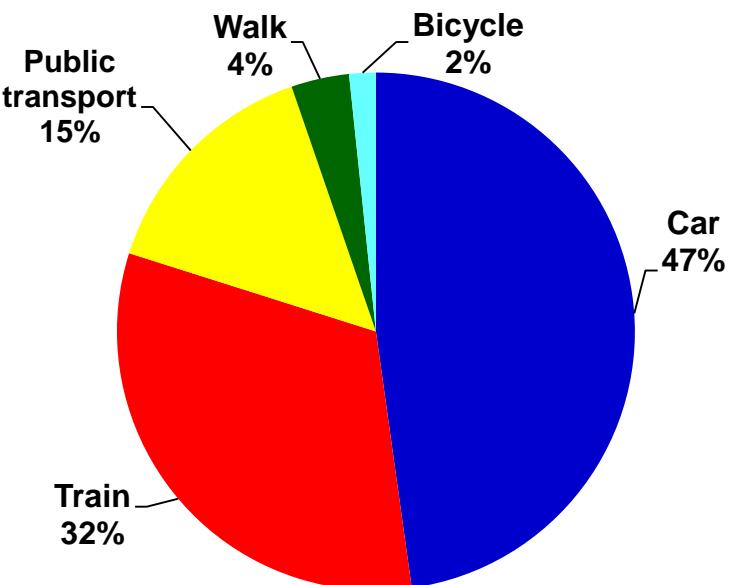
## ✓ The Brussels-Capital Region:

- A dense urban Region consisting of 19 municipalities
- Approximately 1.1 million inhabitants
- Population has grown fast over the last decade, and is still growing (+ 1.2%)
- Economic heart of Belgium – more than 370.000 commuters enter the city every day



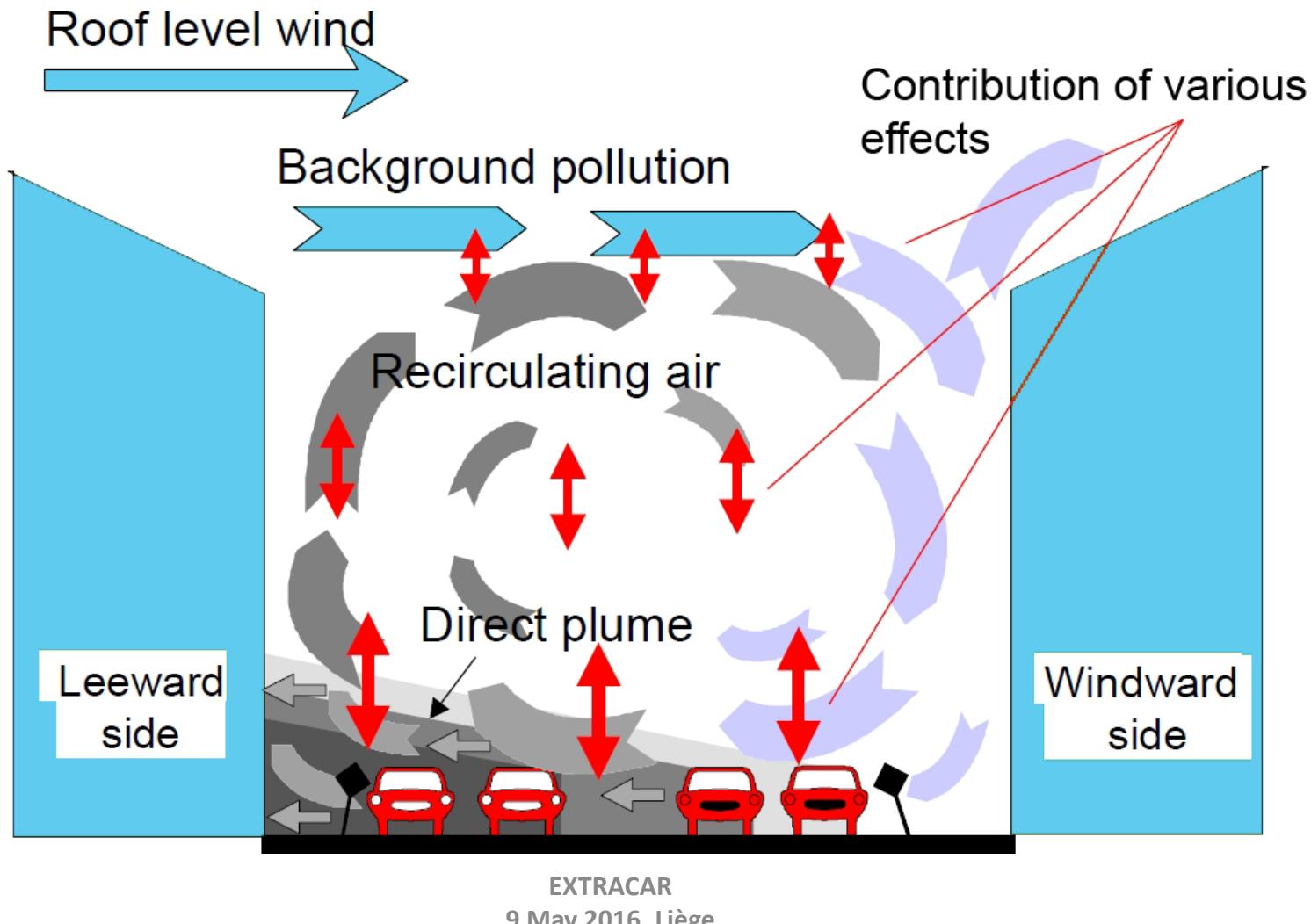
## ✓ Extremely dense transport network

- ⇒ Traffic related air pollution
- ⇒ Challenges concerning mobility



# CANyon Street model for Black Carbon (CANS<sub>BC</sub>)

based on the approach of the Operational Street Pollution Model (OSPM)



✓ CANS<sub>BC</sub>: no chemical module

✓ Input data:

- Meteorological data:

- Wind direction
- Wind velocity

} @ a height of 30m (Molenbeek)

- Urban background:

- BC conc. from the urban background station of Uccle

- Traffic emissions

- Depending on vehicle countings

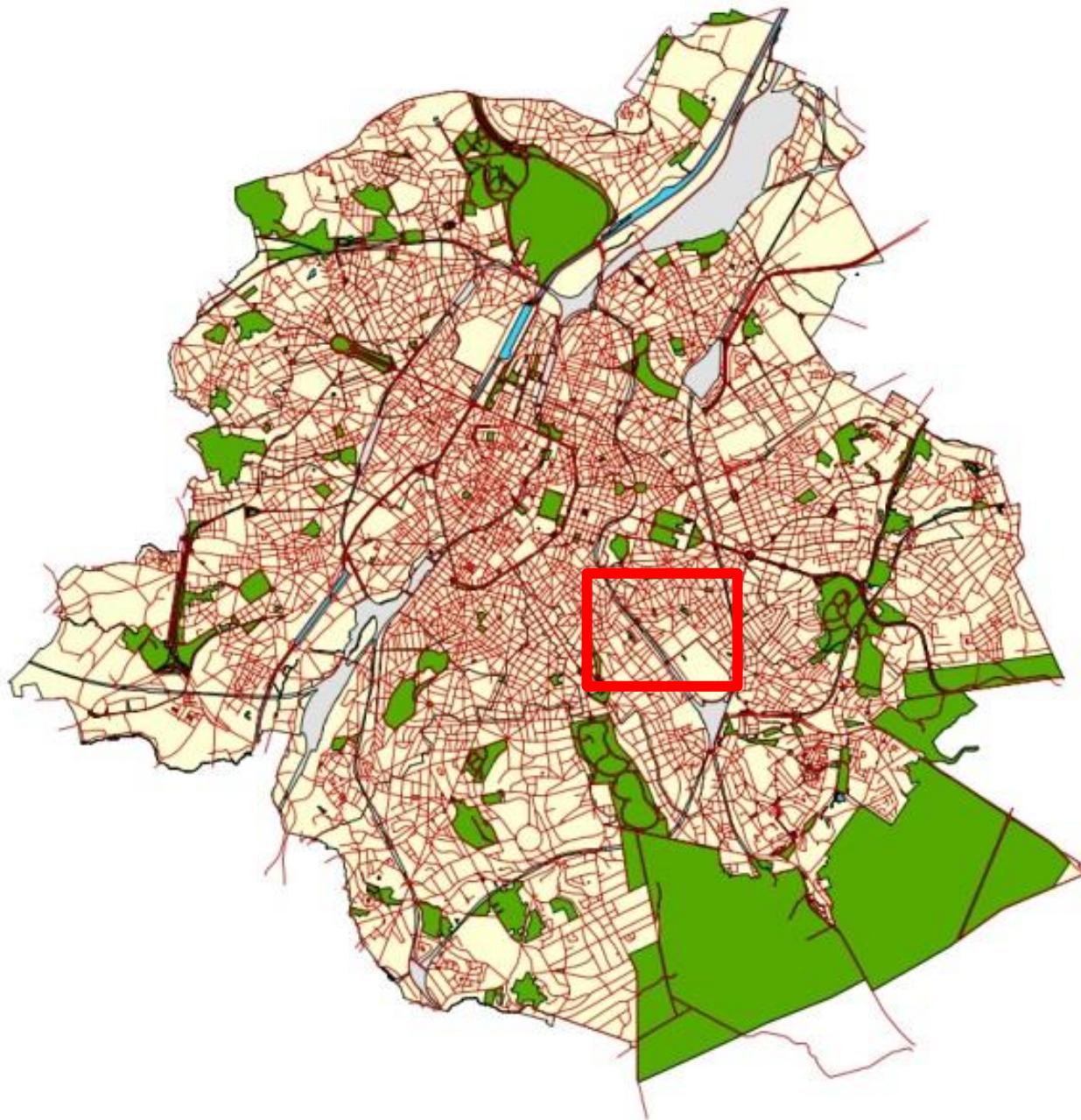
- Temporal resolution of 15'

- Vehicle speeds were kept constant



# Direct validation: the Crown Street





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## ✓ AIMS

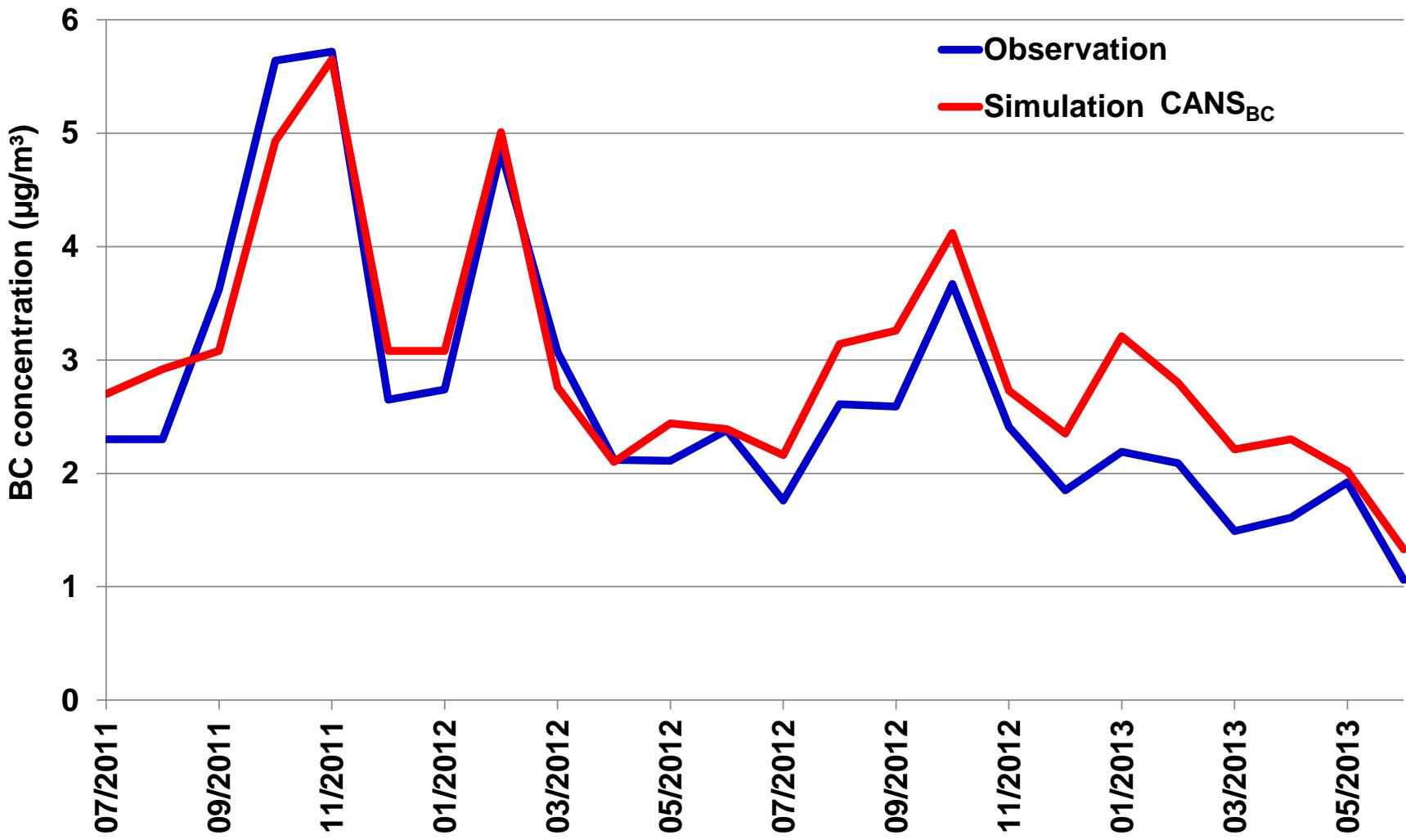
- Monthly evolution: variable meteorological conditions
- Half-hourly evolution: variable traffic emissions
- Sensitivity to the wind direction: capability of estimating the local contribution to BC concentrations

## ✓ Specifications

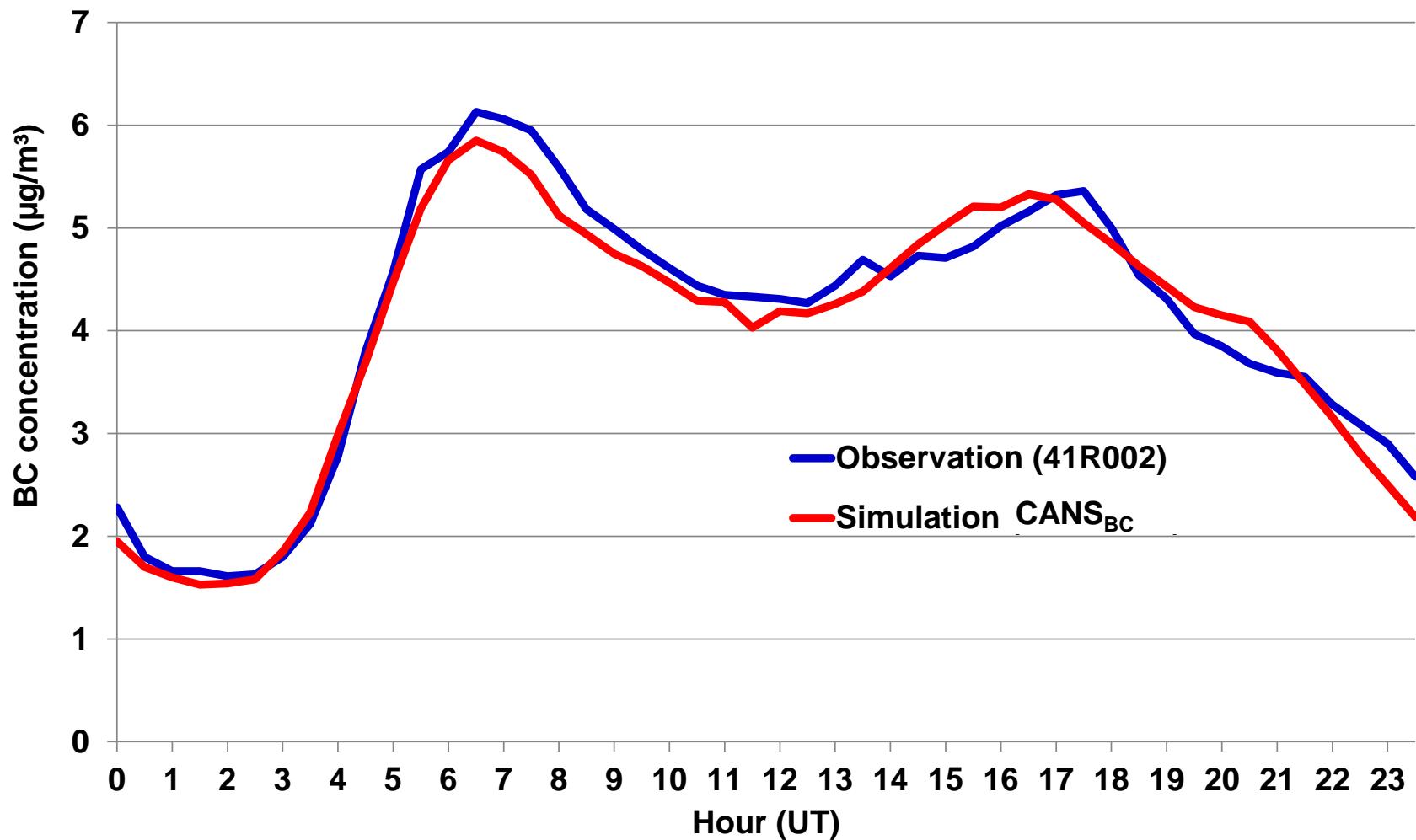
- Two years simulation period: 7/2011 – 6/2013
- Observed BC concentrations: fixed BC measurement station in the Crown Street
- Simulated BC concentrations: CANS<sub>BC</sub>



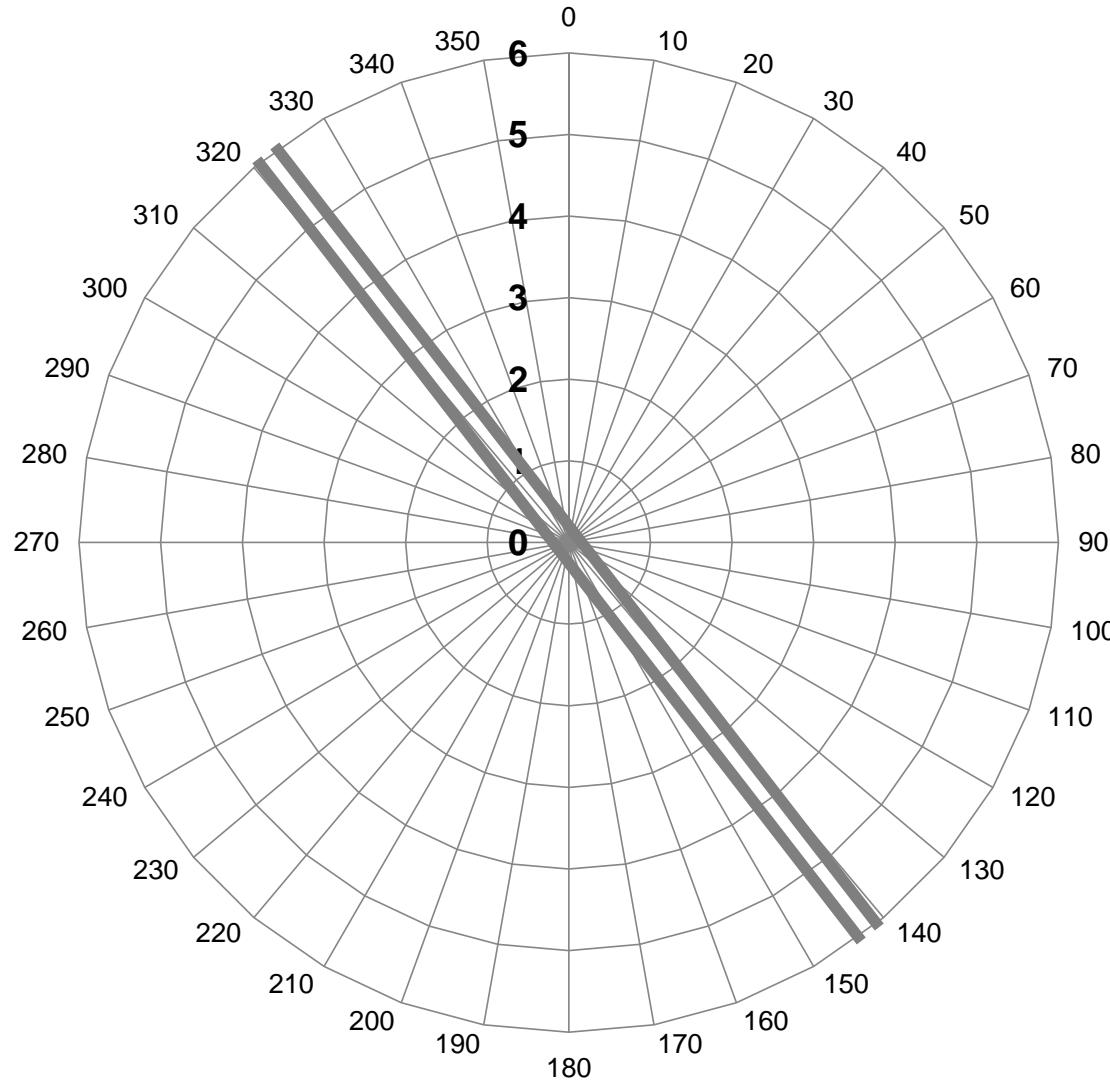
# Monthly evolution



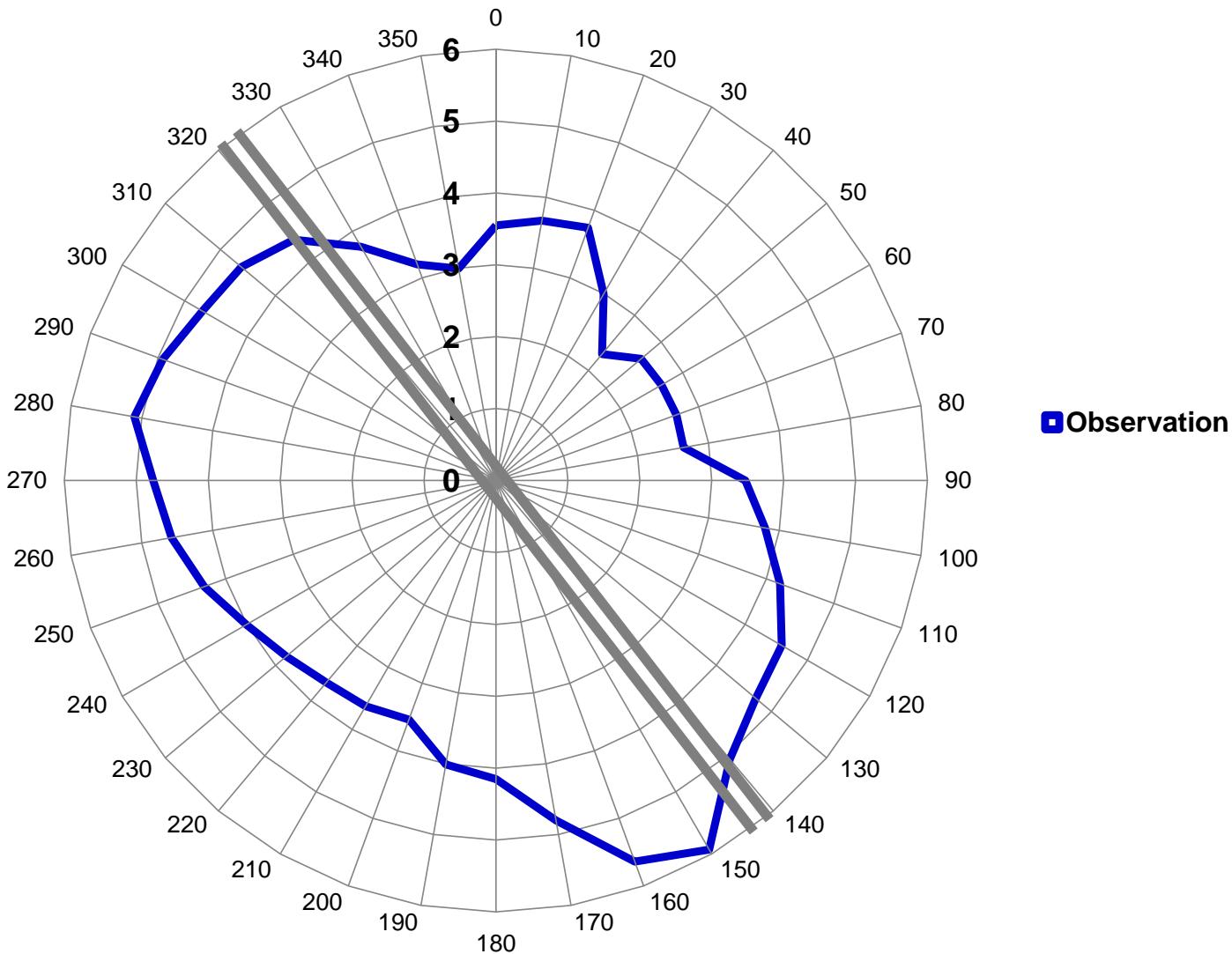
# Diurnal evolution



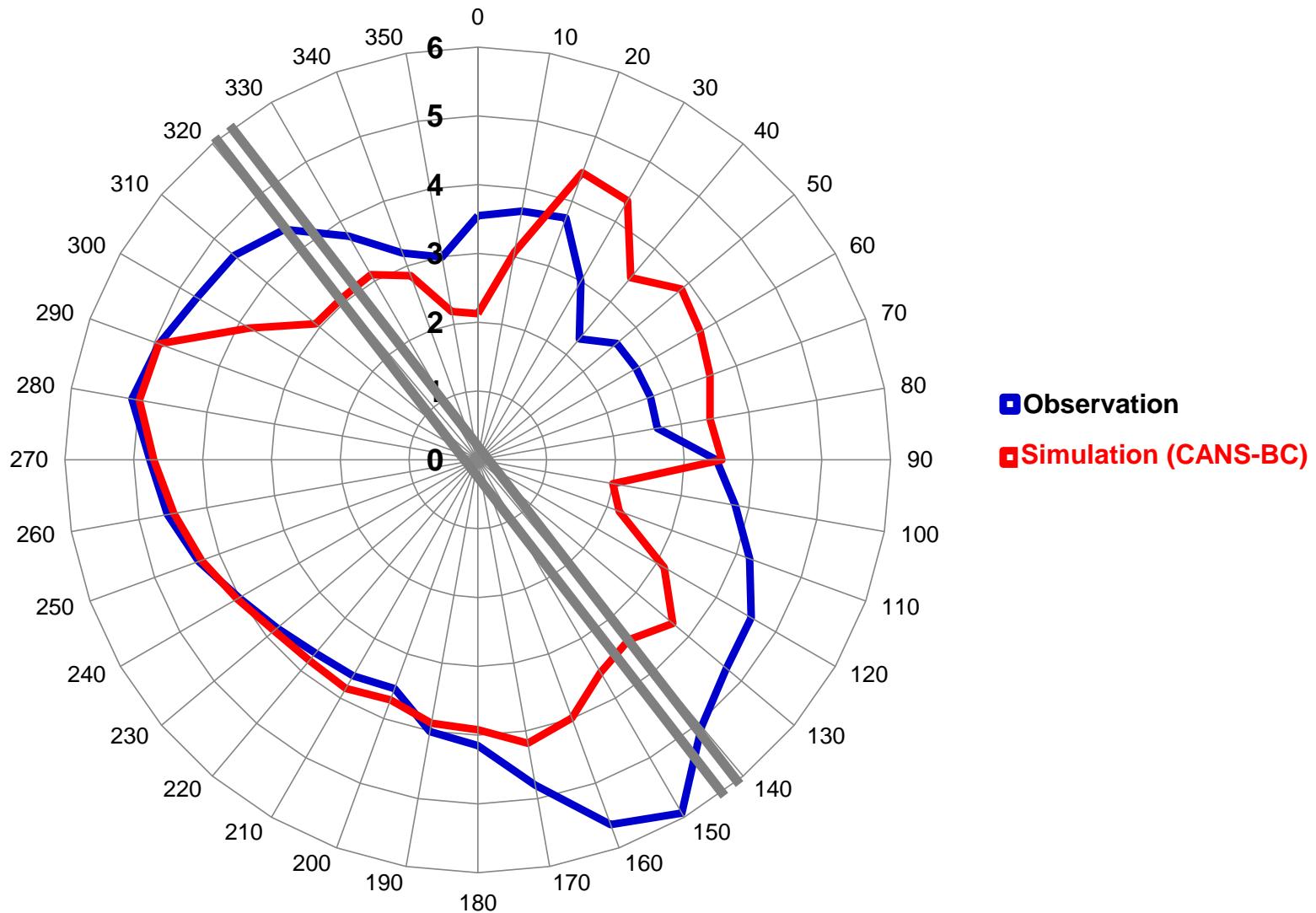
# Sensitivity to wind direction



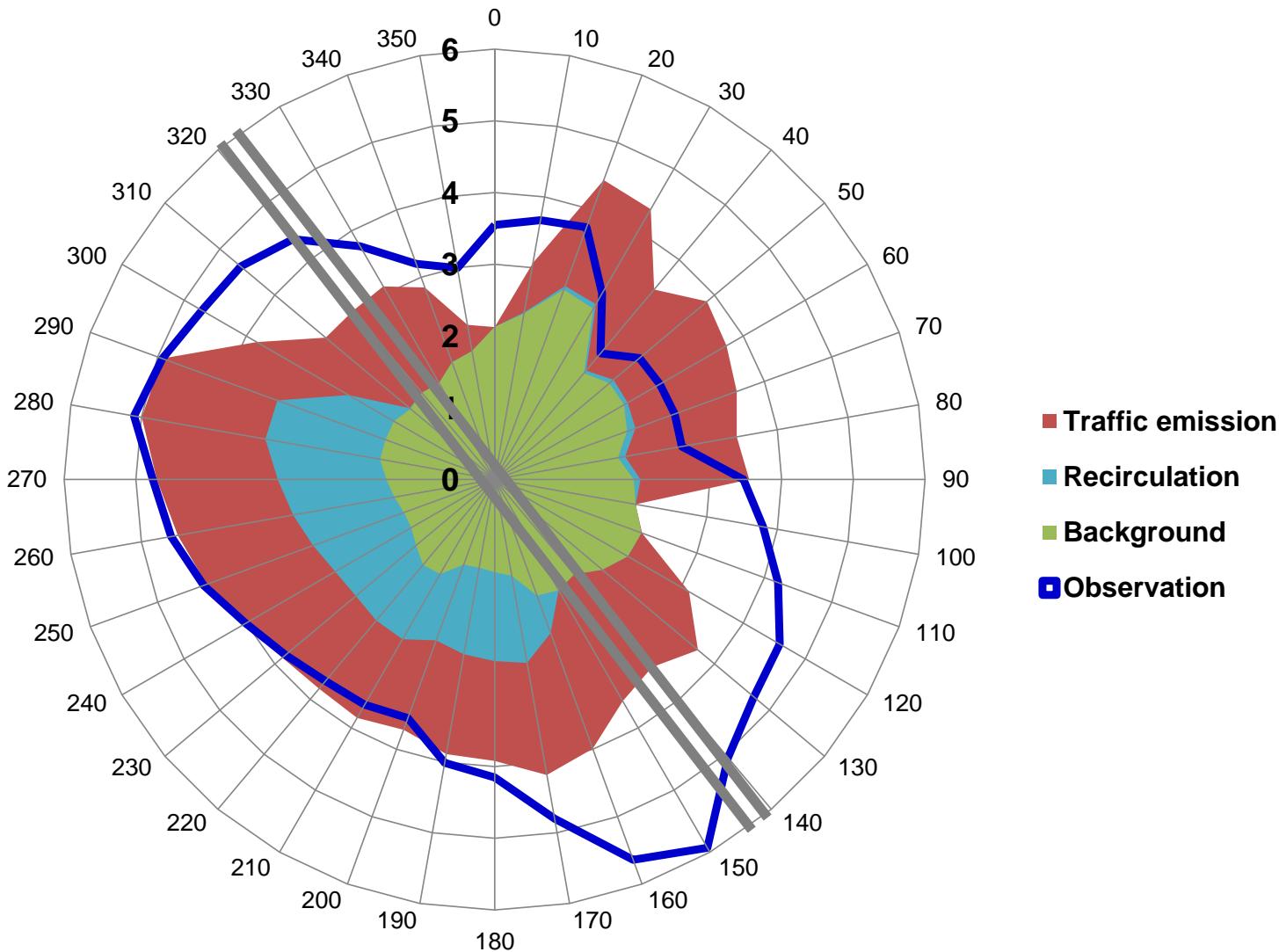
# Sensitivity to wind direction



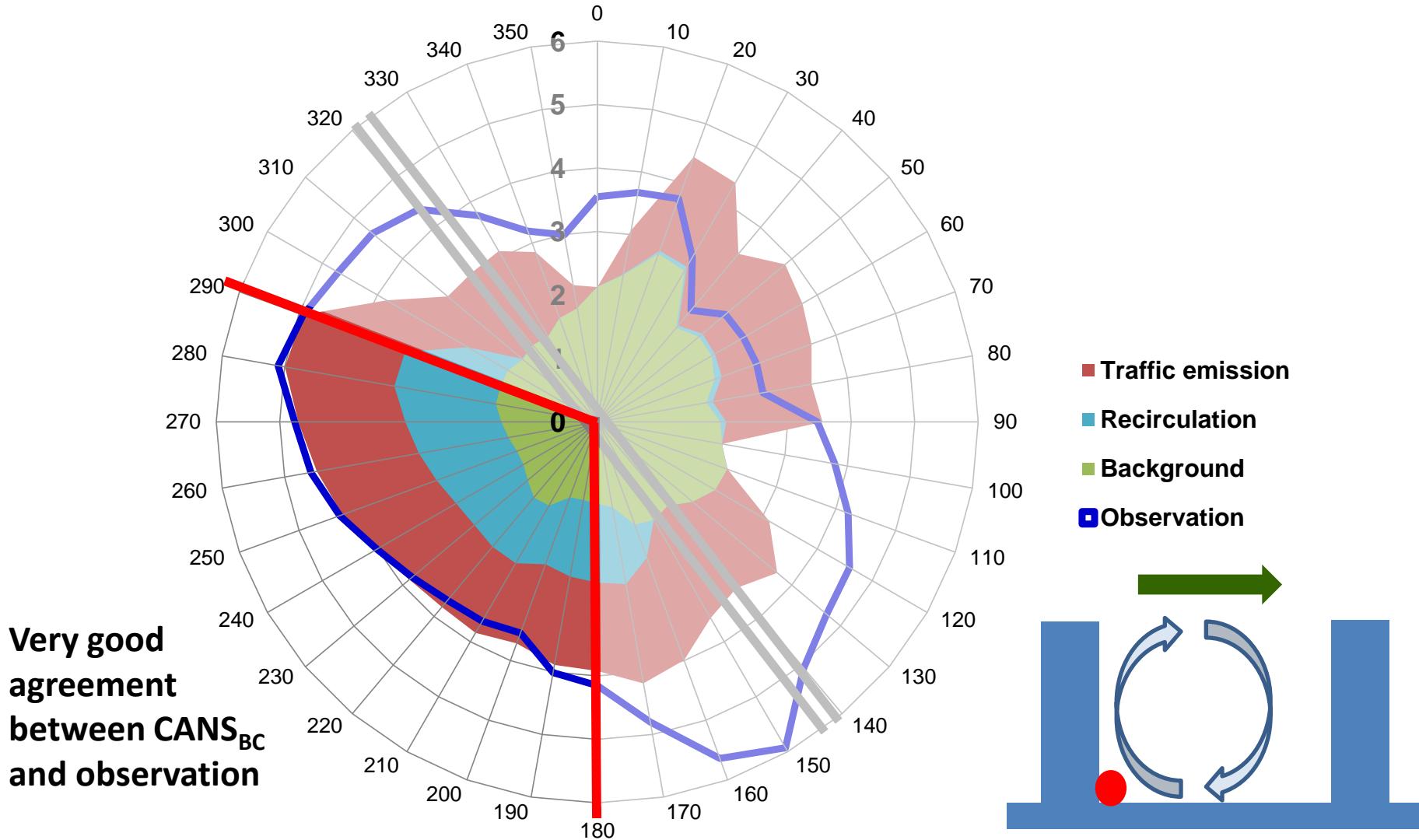
# Sensitivity to wind direction



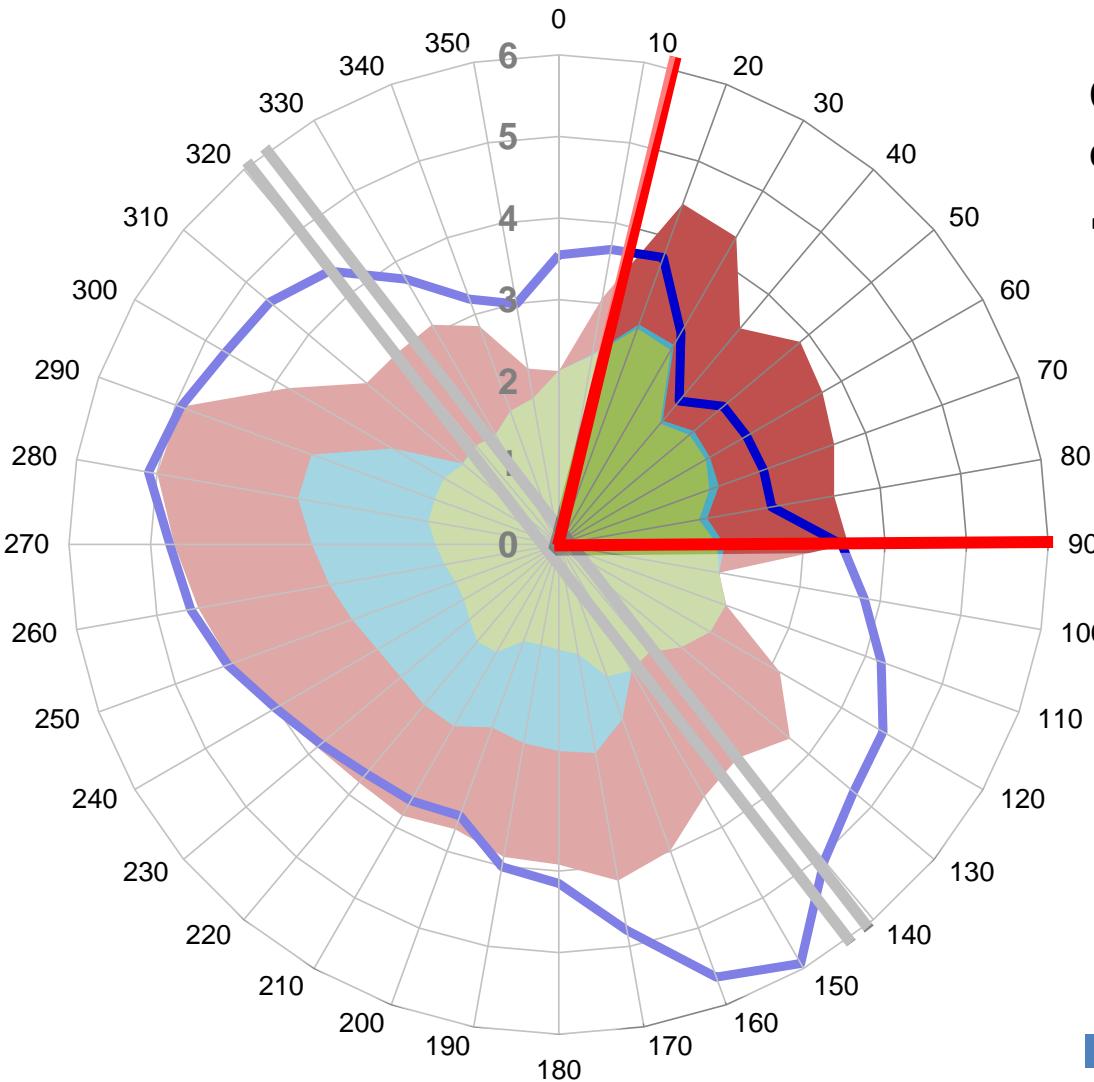
# Sensitivity to wind direction



# Sensitivity to wind direction

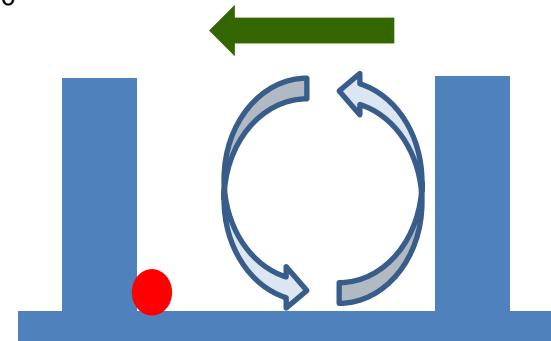


# Sensitivity to wind direction

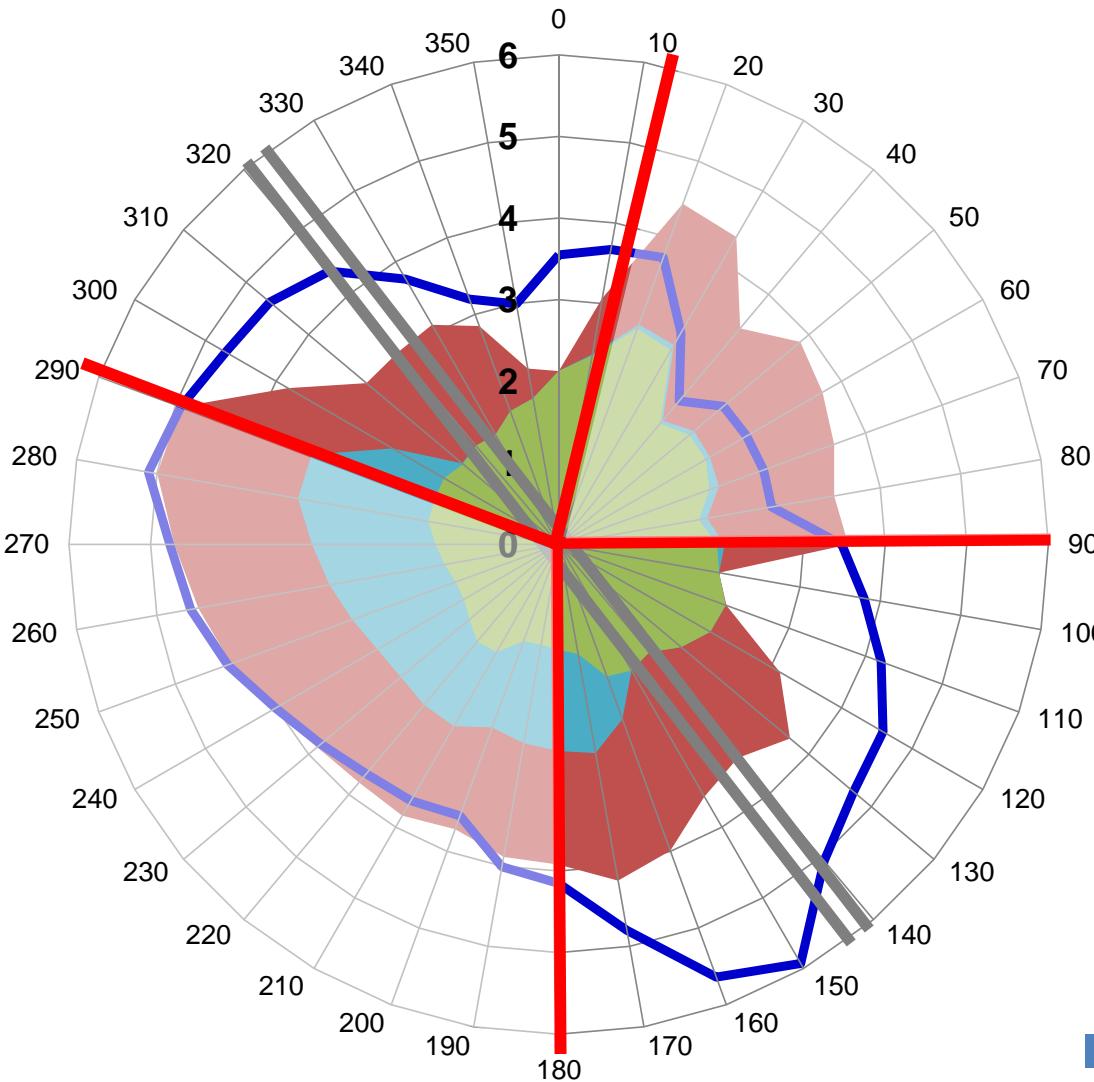


**Overestimated BC concentrations**  
→ overestimated local contribution

- Traffic emission
- Recirculation
- Background
- Observation

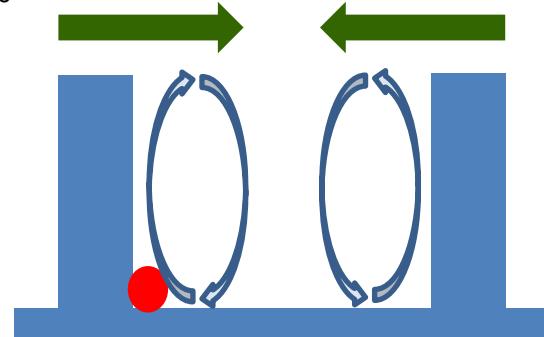


# Sensitivity to wind direction



**Underestimated BC concentrations**  
→ too weak recirculation and local contribution?

- Traffic emission
- Recirculation
- Background
- Observation



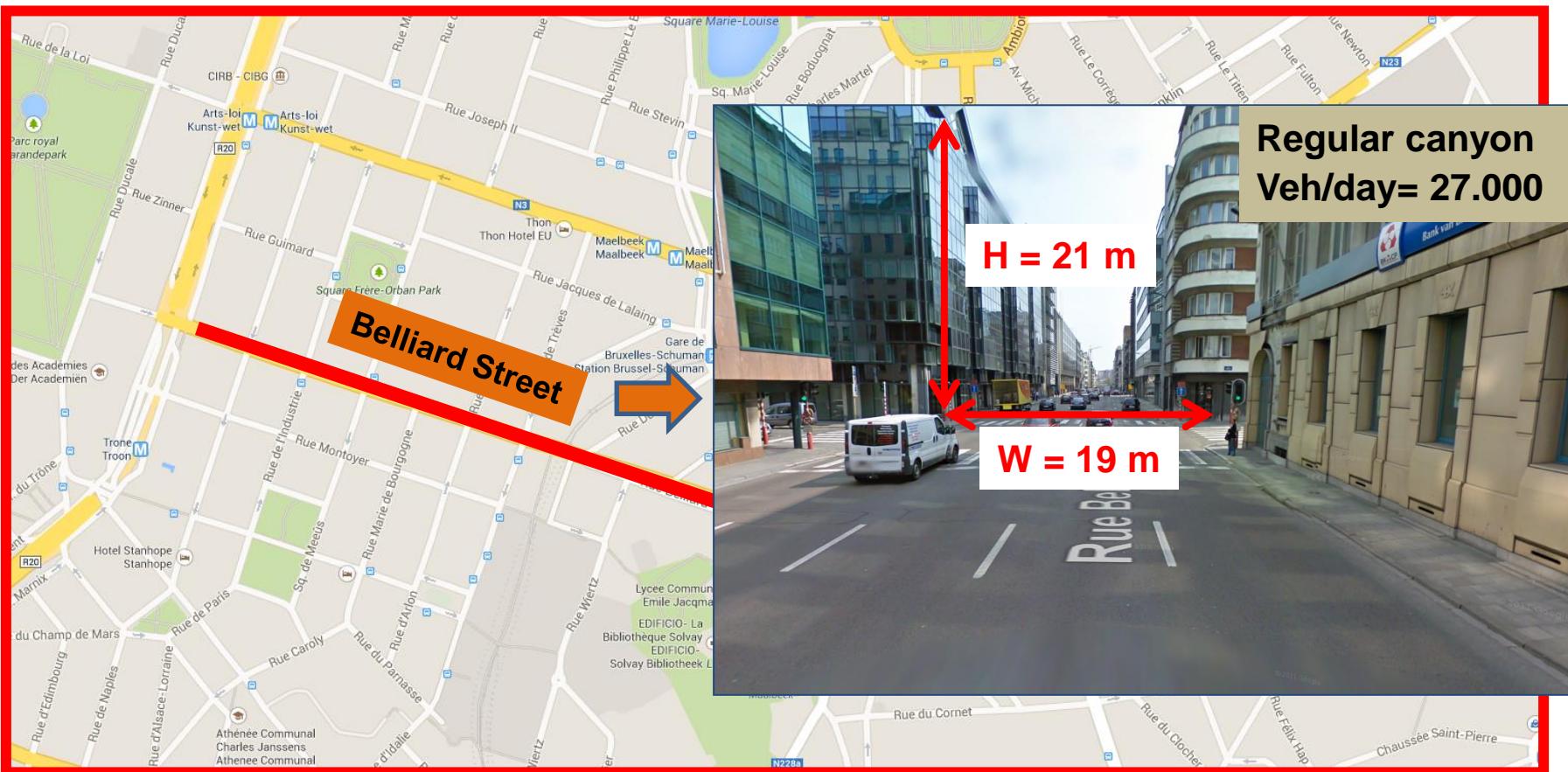
# Indirect validation: the Belliard street





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## ✓ AIM

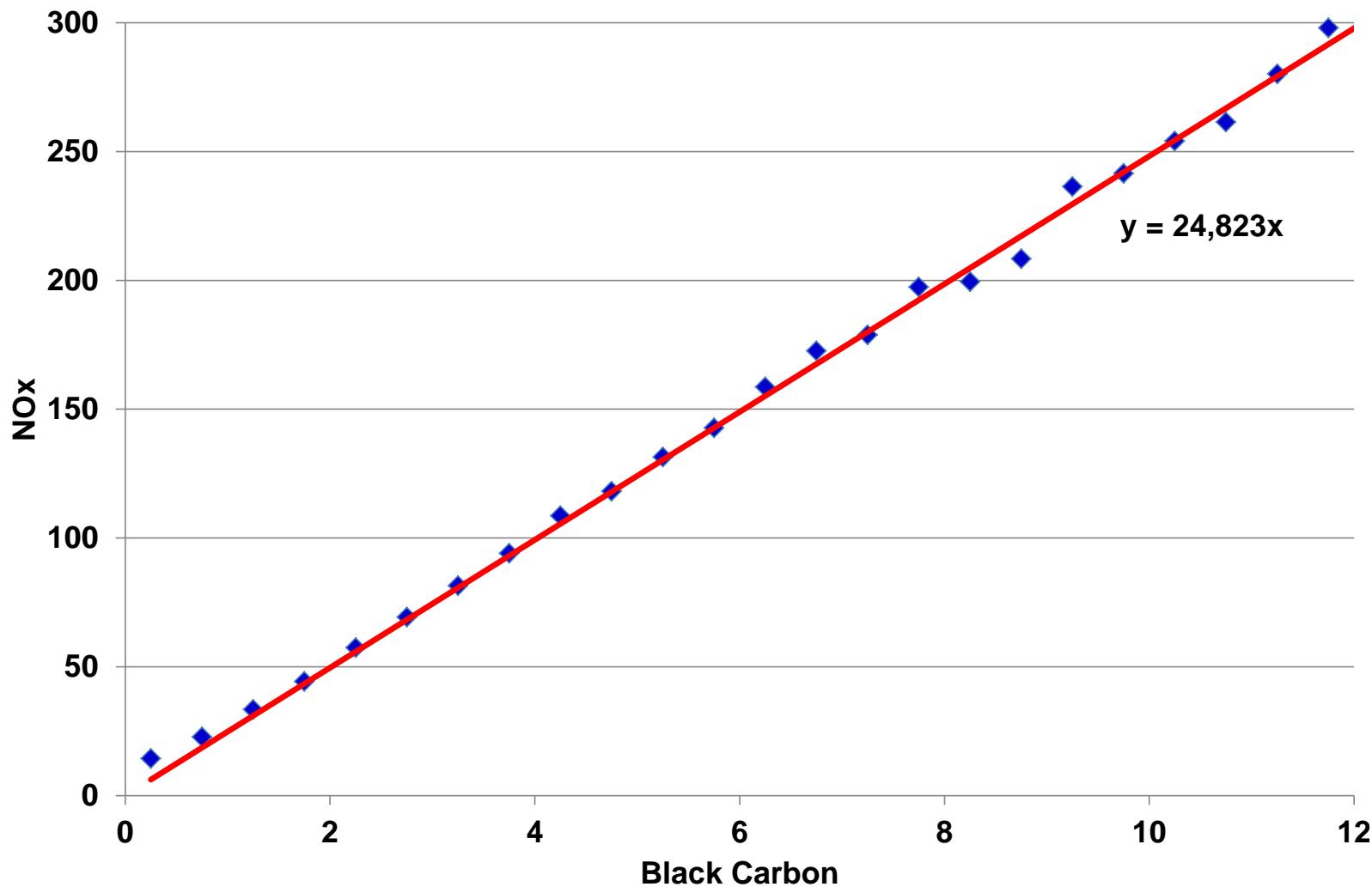
- Validate simulated BC concentrations based on the linear relation between BC and NOx

## ✓ Specifications

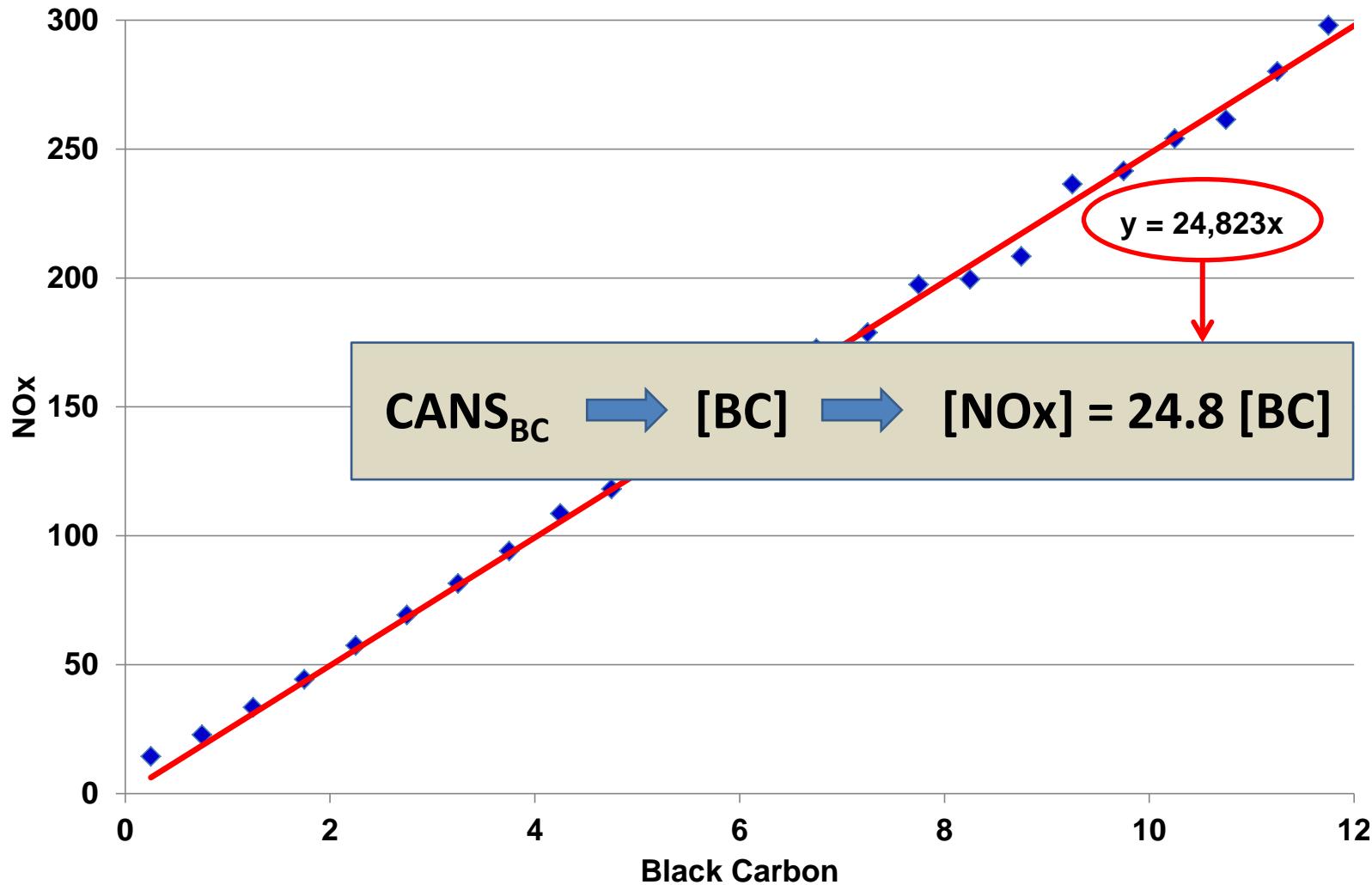
- Simulation period: 11/2012 – 6/2013
- Observed NOx concentrations: fixed NOx measurement station in the Belliard Street
- Simulated BC concentrations: CANS<sub>BC</sub>



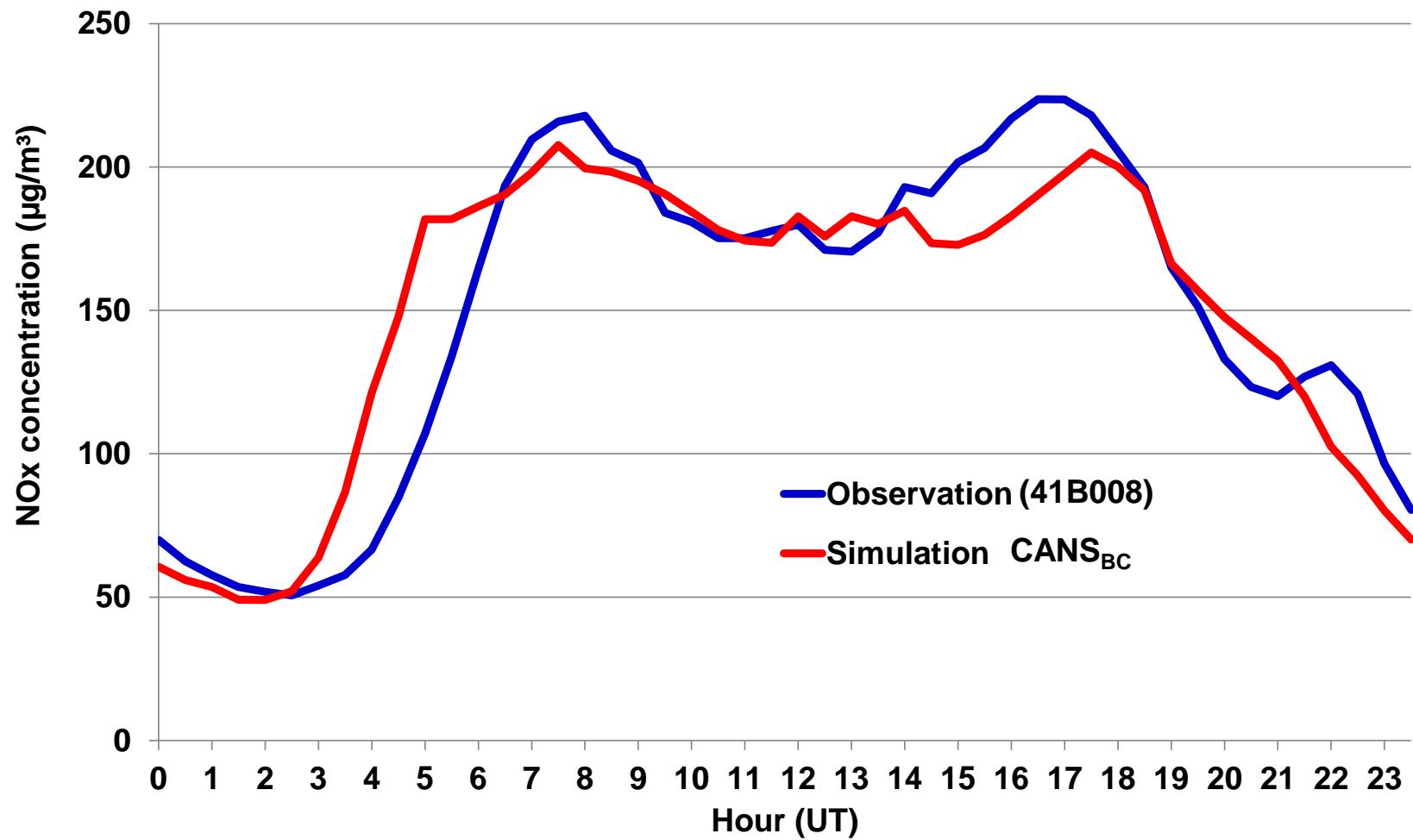
# Relation between BC and NOx



# Relation between BC and NOx



# Diurnal evolution



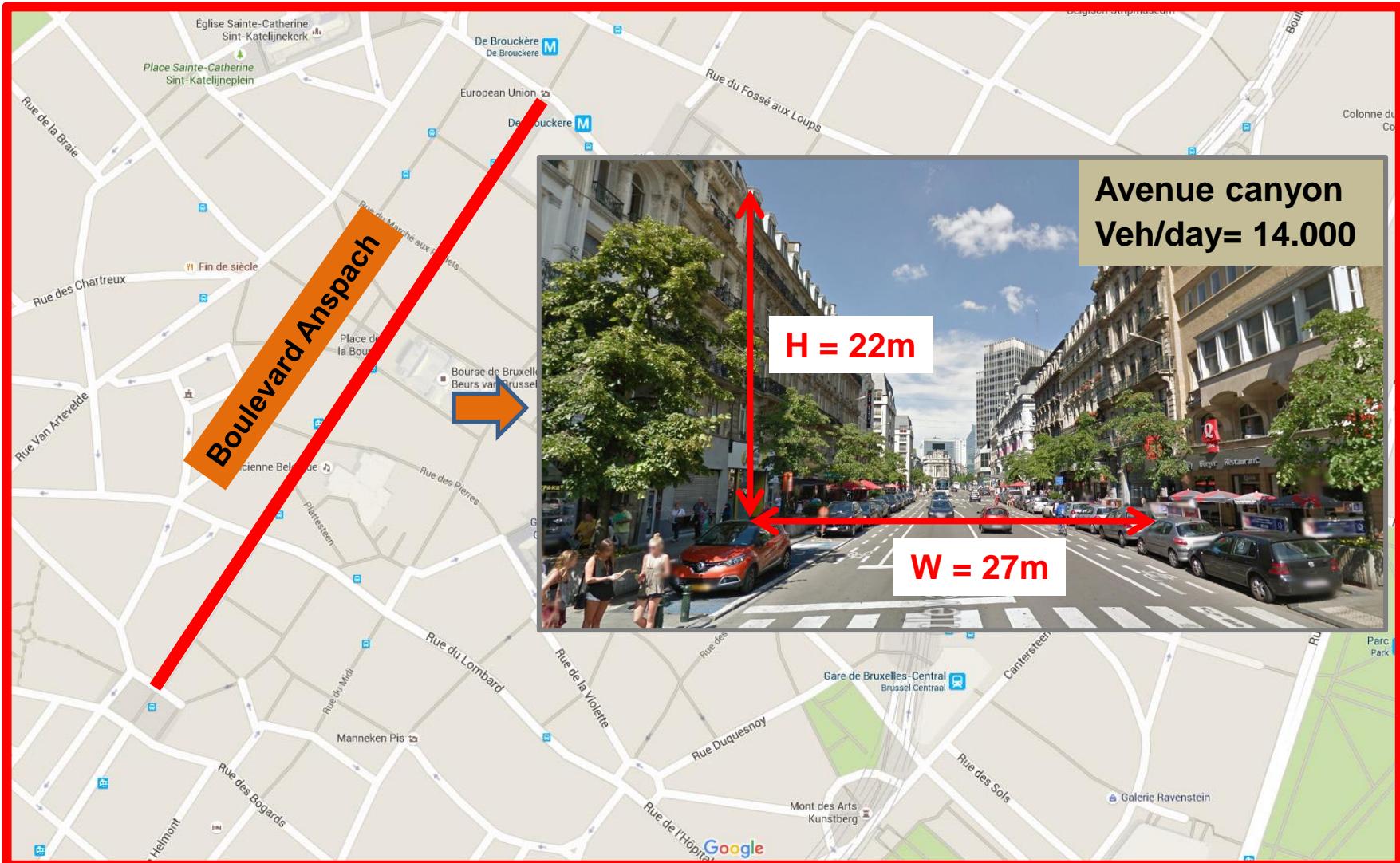
# Direct validation: the Boulevard Anspach





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## ✓ AIMS

- Sidewalk: left vs right

## ✓ Specifications

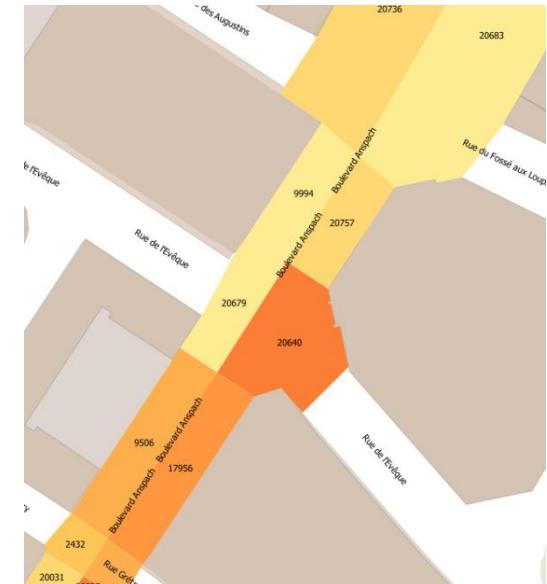
- Simulation period: 18 days at rush hours (morning and evening)
- Observed BC concentrations: mobile BC measurement using AE51 aethalometer
- Simulated BC concentrations: CANS<sub>BC</sub>



# Sidewalk: left vs right

Spatial variations of BC concentrations along sidewalk

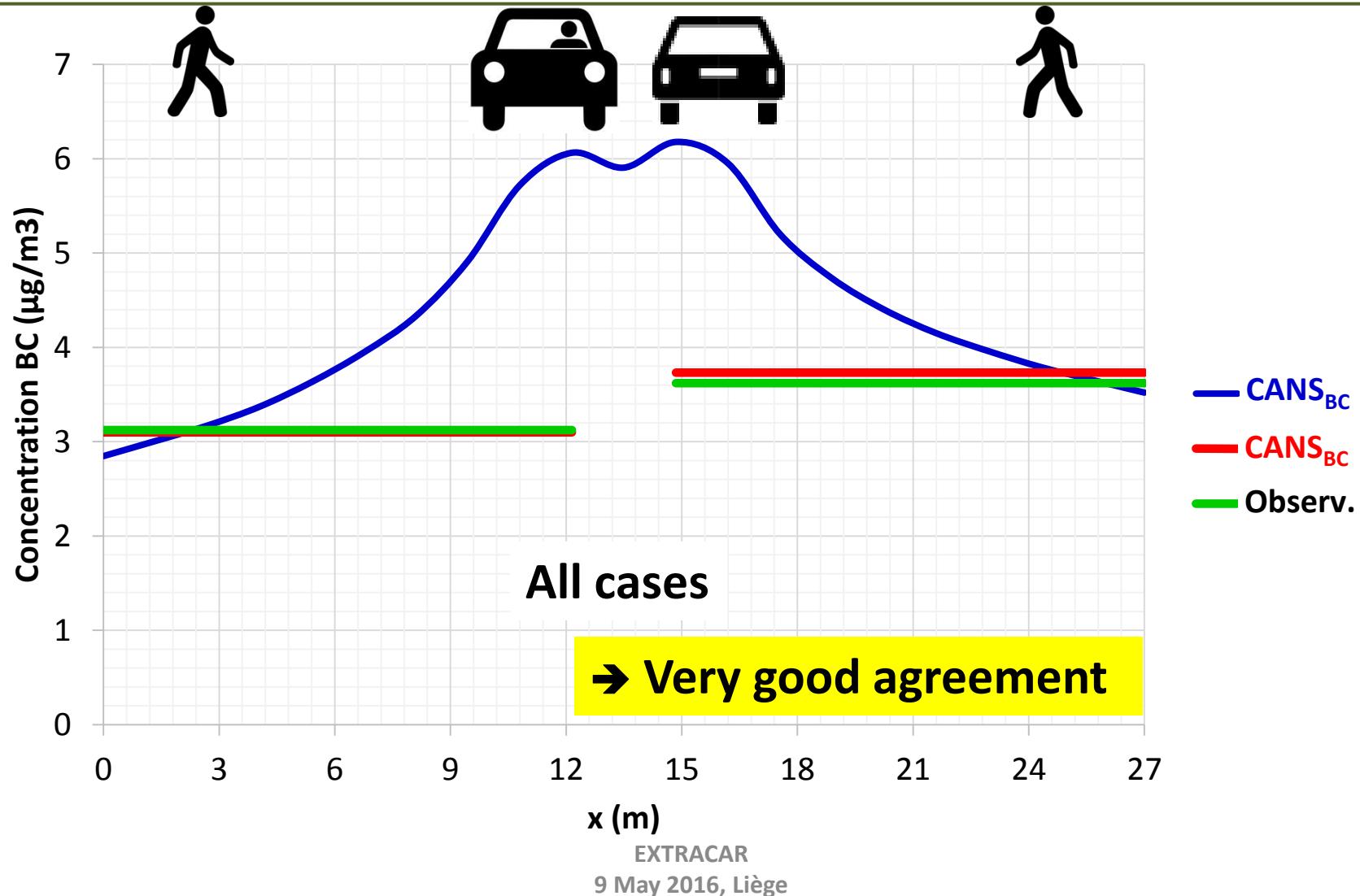
→ Stop/start at traffic lights



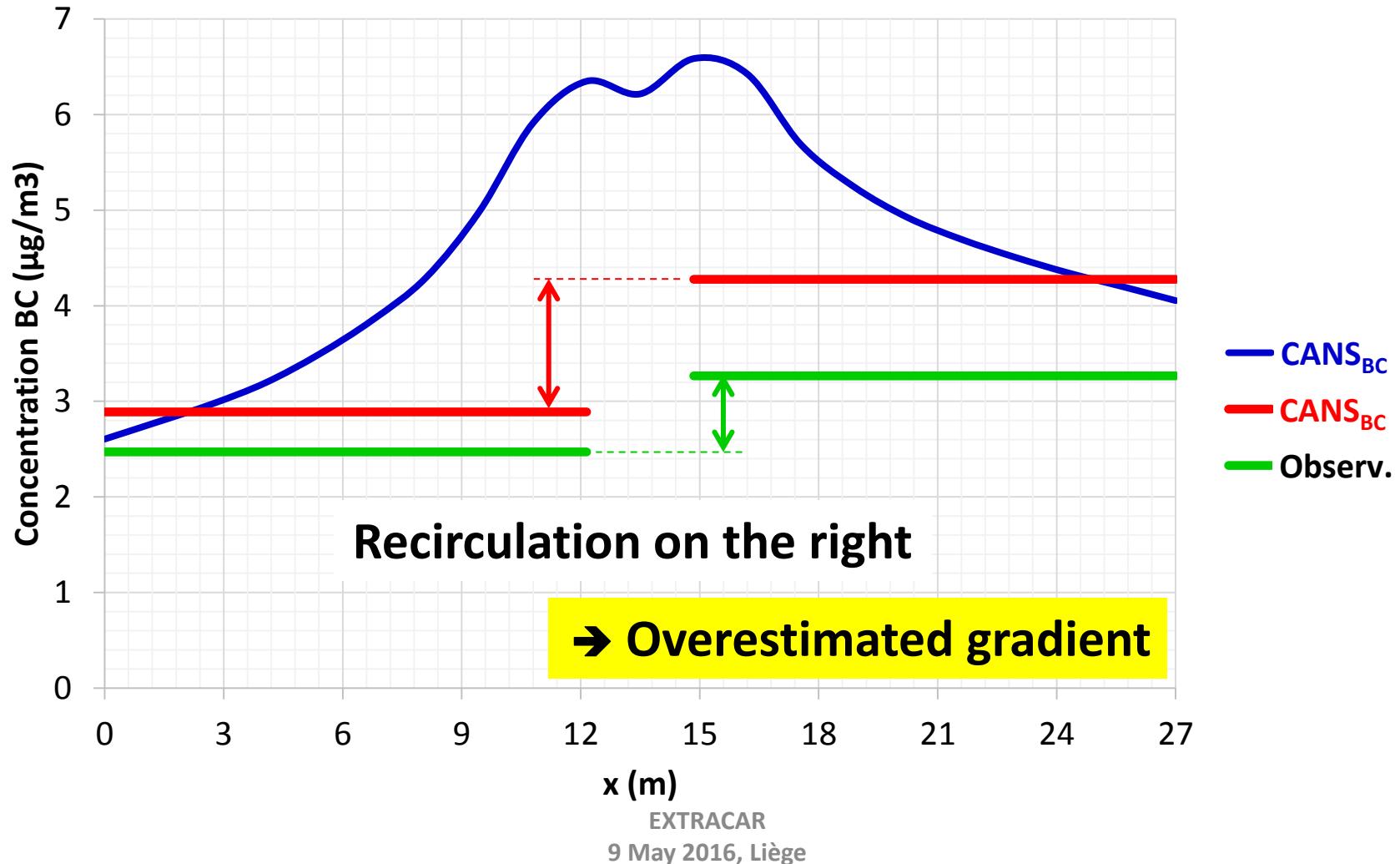
↓  
Consider  
« averaged sidewalk »



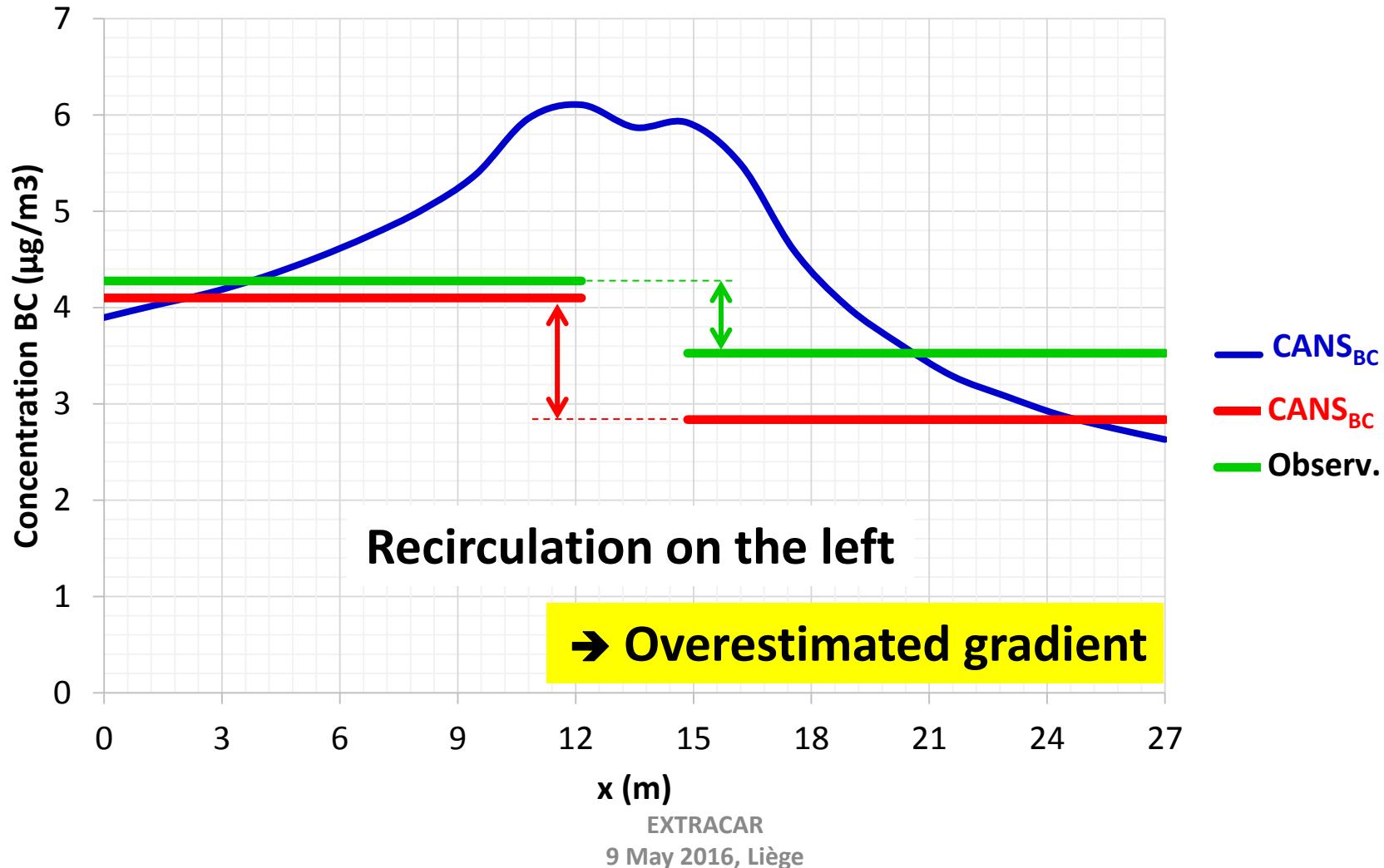
# Sidewalk: left vs right



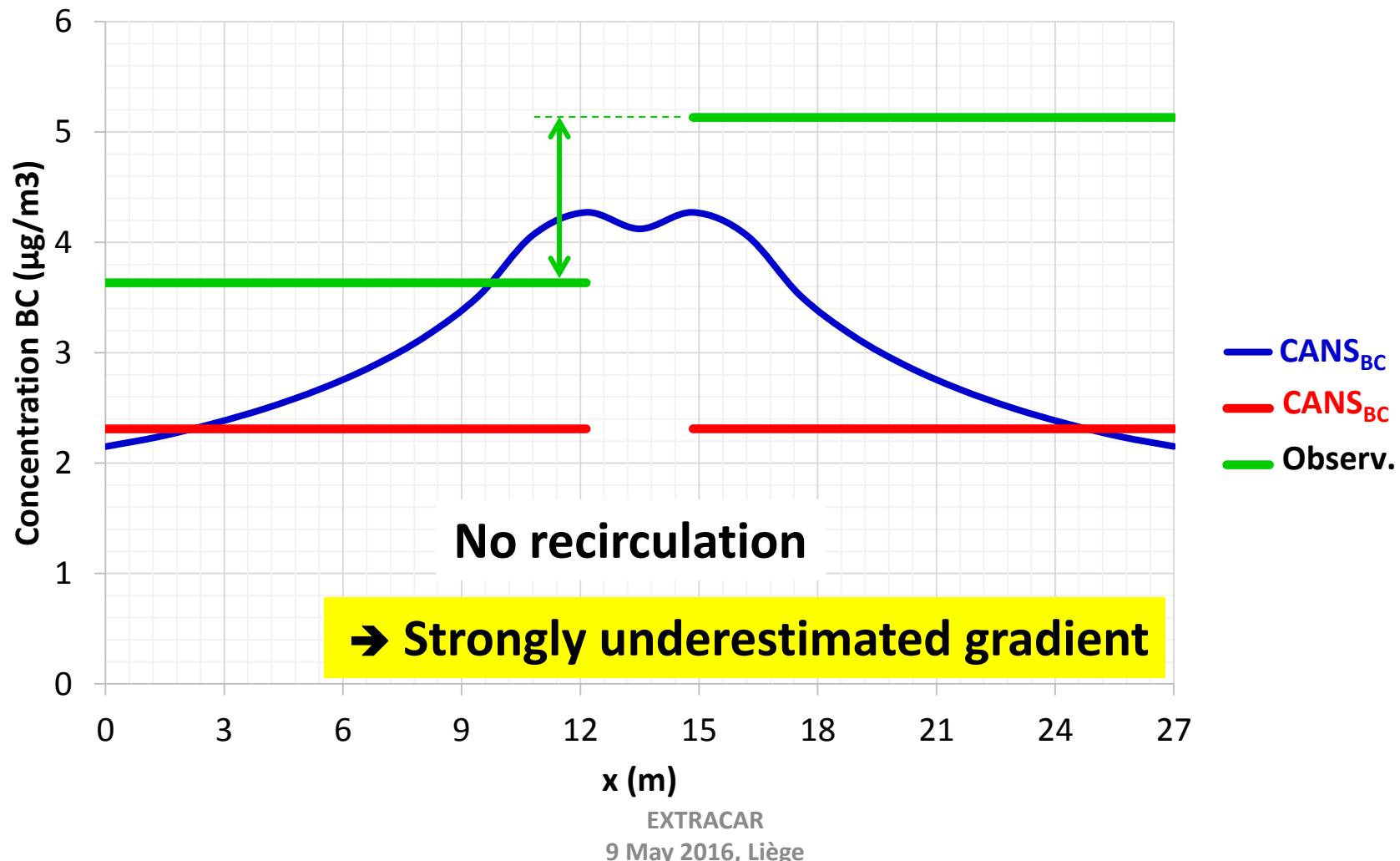
# Sidewalk: left vs right



# Sidewalk: left vs right



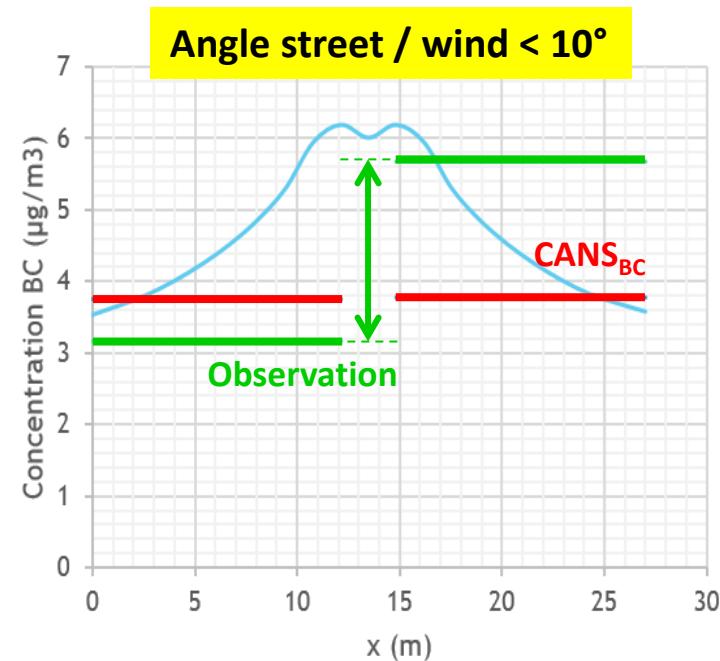
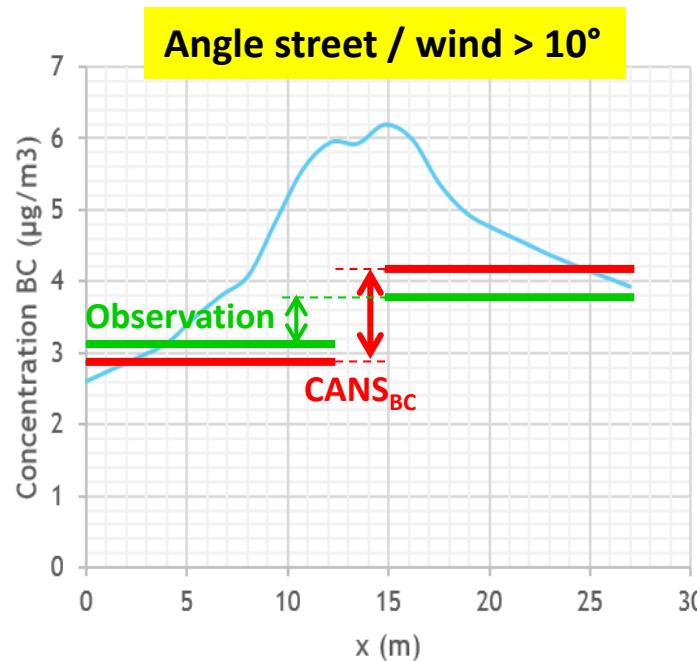
# Sidewalk: left vs right



# Sidewalk: left vs right

No recirculation if:

- Weak wind (< 2 m/s) : left/right gradient correctly simulated
- Wind direction close to street axis:



# Conclusions



✓ Validation tests showed that CANS<sub>BC</sub>:

- Performs well at annual scale in simulating average monthly and diurnal BC evolutions
  - ⇒ The model correctly handles:
    - the meteorological conditions
    - the variation in traffic emissions
- Is suitable to accurately simulate BC concentrations in canyon streets of the BCR if:
  - Accurate estimate of traffic emissions (counting, driving mode, emission factors, ...)
  - Vehicle speeds → turbulence generated by vehicles
- Able to simulate the gradient of BC concentration between left and right sidewalks ...
  - ... but improvements are needed when the wind direction is close to the street axis.



# Thank you for your attention

